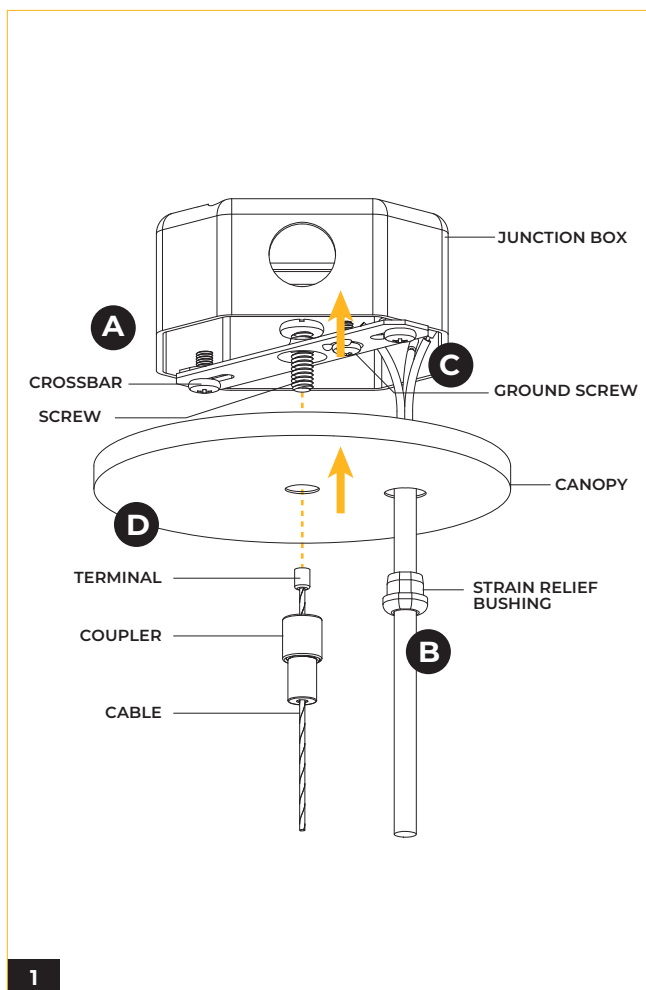


IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

**FOR FIELD ASSISTANCE PLEASE CALL
+1-213-255-2060 #4**

- Before wiring to power supply and during servicing or relamping, turn off power at fuse or circuit breaker.
- All servicing or relamping must be performed by qualified service personnel.
- Product must be grounded to avoid potential electric shock or other potential hazard.
- Product must be installed at locations and heights, in a manner consistent with its intended use, and in compliance with electrical code and local codes.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

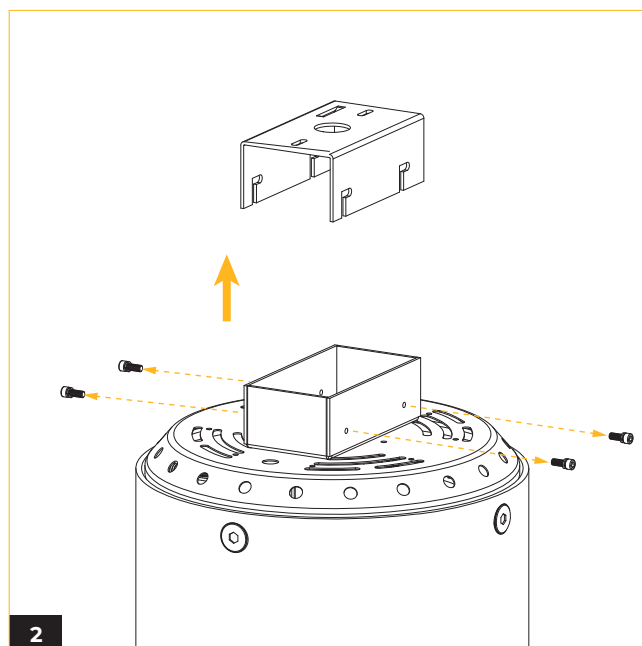


(A) Secure the crossbar to the junction box (by others) designed to support the weight of the fixture.

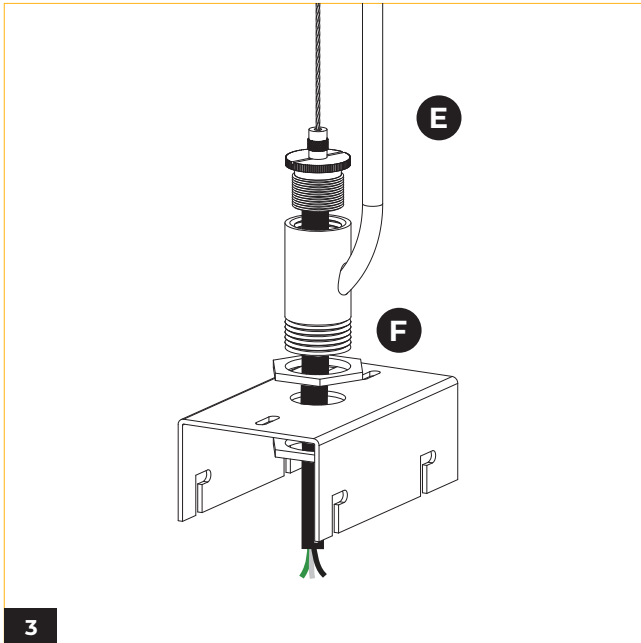
(B) Lock the strain relief bushing to the power cord with allowance for wiring connections, and thread the power cord through the canopy wire hole.

(C) Connect the Green ground conductor to the ground screw on the crossbar, the line voltage to the Black conductor, and the neutral to the White conductor. Please refer to the wiring diagram section for more information of all wiring connections.

(D) Thread the cable through the coupler with the terminal side on top. Slide the coupler up to the canopy and secure with the screw on crossbar.

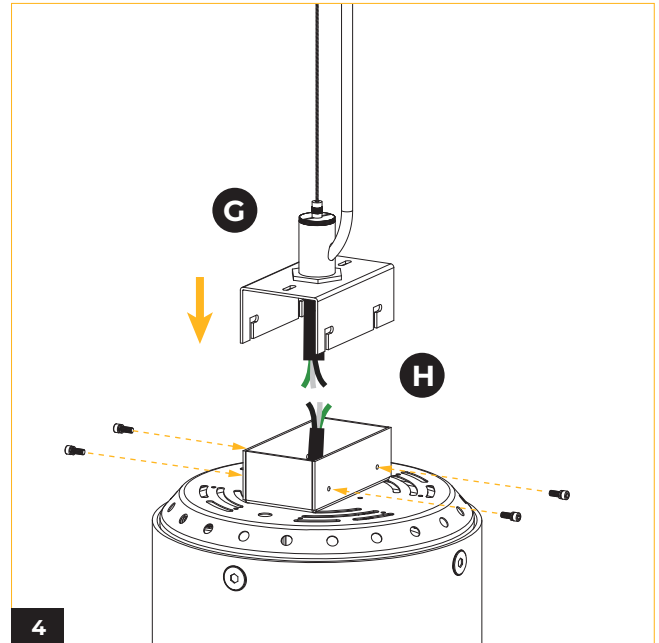


Loosen four Phillips screws on the side of the wiring box to remove the mounting bracket.



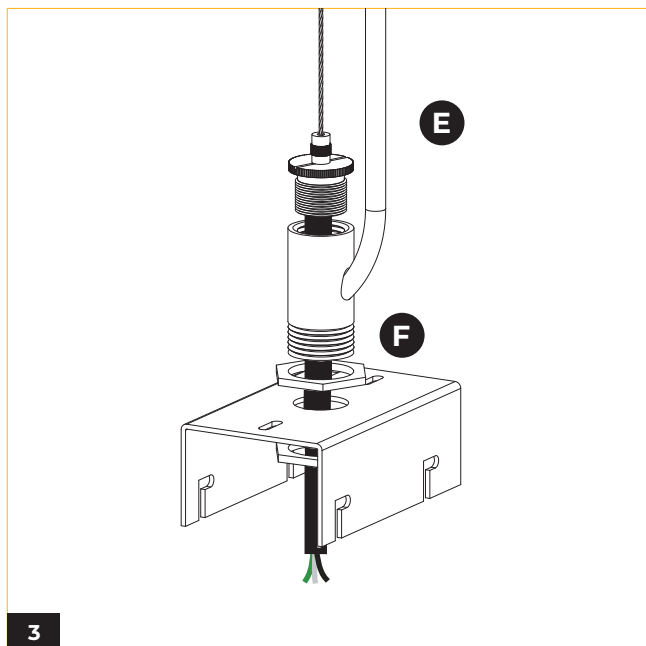
(E) Insert the cable through the gripper and plunger. Trim off extra cable using cable cutting tool. To adjust the cable to desired length, press the plunger.

(F) Fasten Powerfeed tube and Nut. Secure gripper with Powerfeed tube, then feed cord through Powerfeed tube.



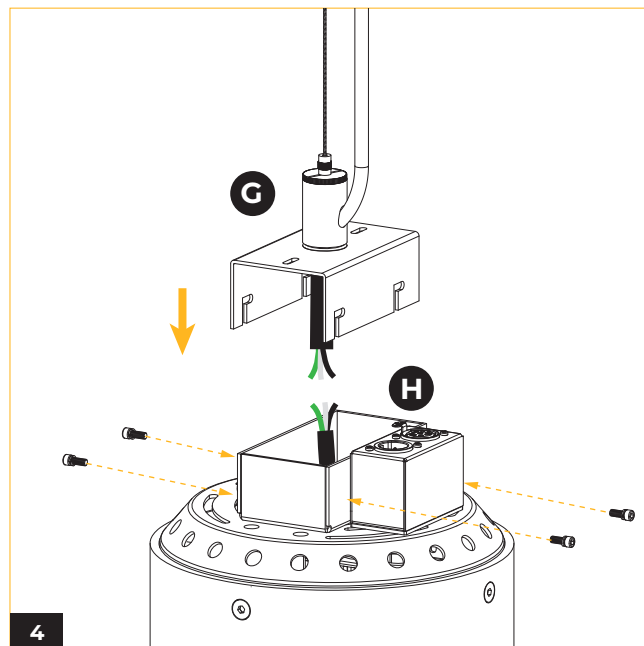
(G) Make electric connection inside the wiring box.

(H) Screw four Phillips screws to fasten the mounting bracket.



(E) Insert the cable through the gripper and plunger. Trim off extra cable using cable cutting tool. To adjust the cable to desired length, press the plunger.

(F) Fasten Powerfeed tube and Nut. Secure gripper with Powerfeed tube, then feed cord through Powerfeed tube.

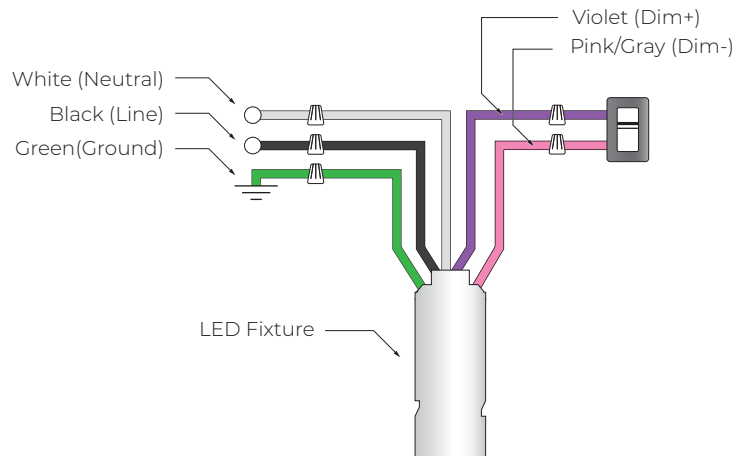


(G) Make electric connection inside the wiring box.

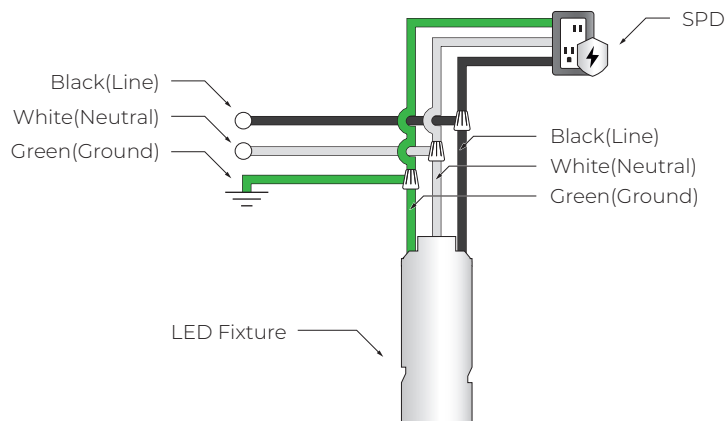
(H) Screw four Phillips screws to fasten the mounting bracket.

WIRING DIAGRAM

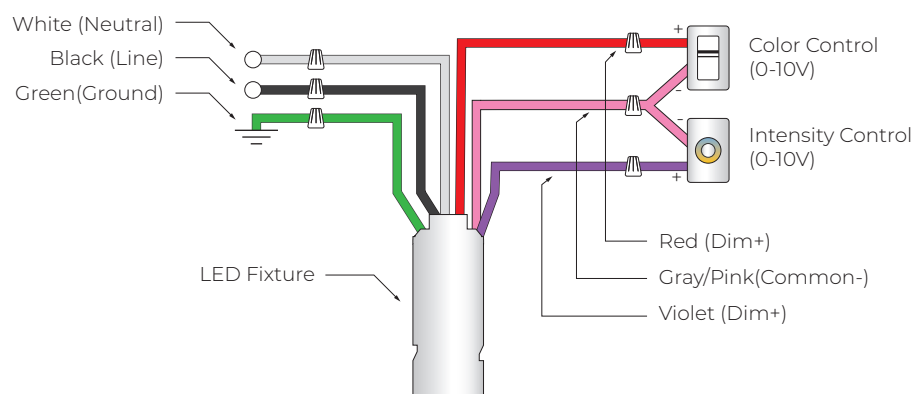
STV / SPV / DALI / WDIM SPV



SPD

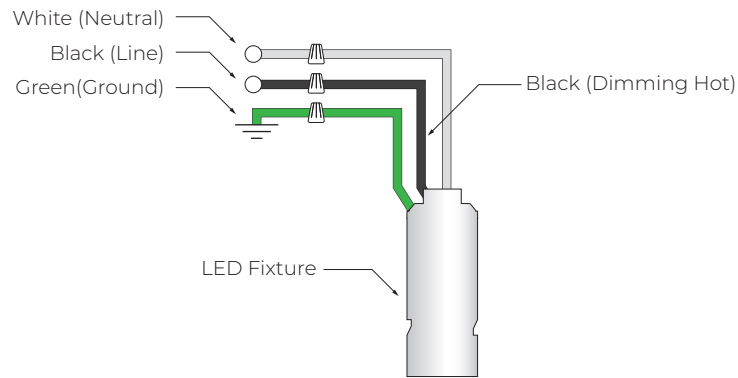


TNW SPV

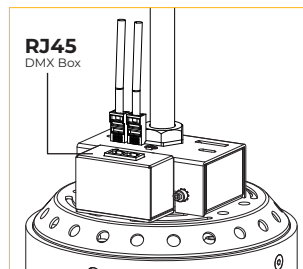
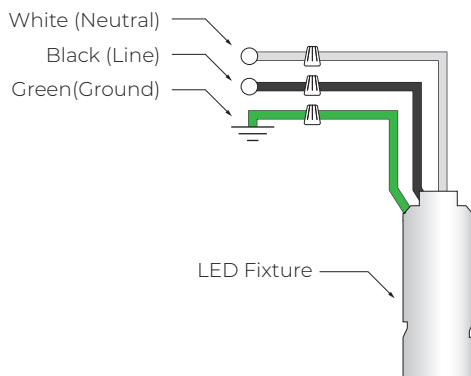


WIRING DIAGRAM

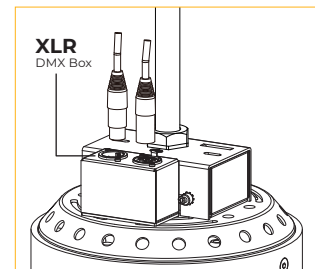
TRC



DMX (WHT / TNW / WDIM / WRGB / HUE)



Connect DMX by using a standard shielded CAT5/6 cable.



Connect DMX by using a standard DMX512 XLR cable with 5 pin in/out connector (by others).

***The last fixture has to be terminated with a DMX Terminator (by others).**

WIRING DIAGRAM

Application note : Wiring for DMX/RDM lighting systems

DMX/RDM is a robust and reliable system for lighting control. However, if not implemented correctly, problems can arise such as random flashing of lights, erratic operation and delays in responding to commands. This document explains the best practices in DMX wiring.

Important things to consider are:

1. DMX is a three-wire system. Use all three!
2. DMX is based on the EIA-485/RS-485 standard.
3. Always use cable specifically designed for DMX / RS-485. These cables have an impedance of 120Ω and a low capacitance. For instance : Belden 9729 or Belden 9841.
4. DMX must be terminated with a 120Ω resistor to prevent reflections.
5. A daisy chain topology should be used.
6. After 32 unit loads a repeater/booster should be used. (Important : For tunable white fixtures, After "32" unit loads a repeater/booster should be used.)
7. Keep cabling below 200 meters between the controller and the last driver.
8. It is generally considered good practice to provide separate DMX in and DMX out / DMX Thru connections to your fixture to aid in installation. This can be in the form of pigtails, RJ-45 connectors or 5-pin XLR connectors.
9. Use twisted pair cables with an impedance of 120Ω and a low capacitance.
10. UTP Cat5 or Cat6 network cable can also be used but have a slightly lower impedance of 100Ω.
11. If shielded cable is used, only connect shield to ground on one side (typically, the controller should have its shield terminal connected to ground).
12. Not following the above recommendations may seem to work at first, but can cause problems. Sometimes after weeks of seemingly normal operation.