ADVANCED HIGH CEILING Signum 10 - Stem



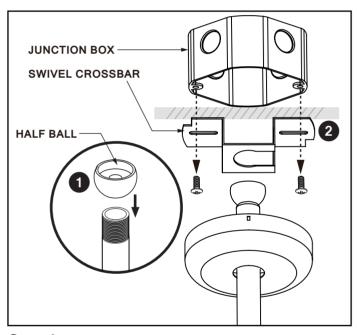


IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION. **READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION. READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS. Before wiring to power supply and during servicing or relamping, turn off power at fuse or circuit breaker. All servicing or relamping must be performed by qualified service personnel. Product must be grounded to avoid potential electric shock or other potential hazard. Product must be at locations and at heights and in a manner consistent with its intended use, and in compliance with Electrical Code and local codes.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

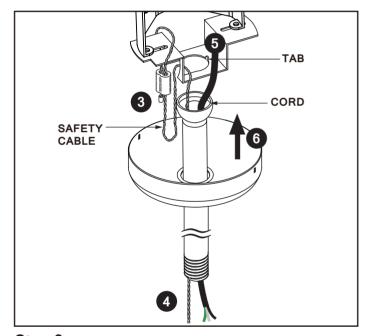
Junction Box Wiring



Step 1 Secure half ball with stem

Step 2

Attach swivel crossbar to junction box (Not provided).



Step 3

Loop the safety cable around swivel crossbar.

Step 4

Feed the safety cable and power cord through the stem and insert half ball joint into slot on swivel crossbar. Align the slot on ball joint with the tab on the swivel crossbar.

Step 5

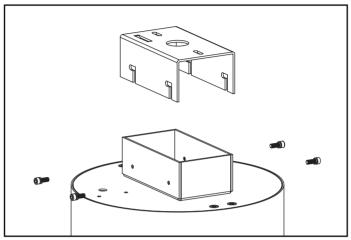
Make electrical connections in junction box.

Step 6

Install canopy cover by aligning the tabs on crossbar with slots in the cover.

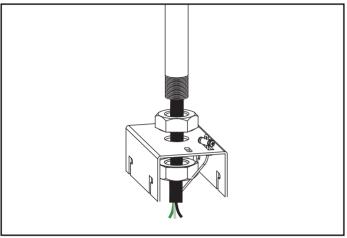
ADVANCED HIGH CEILING Signum 10 - Stem





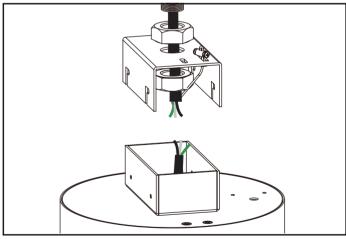
Step 7

Loosen the screws that secure the mounting brackets and detach the upper mounting bracket and safety hook.



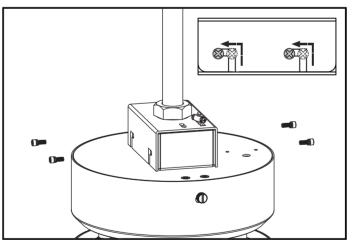
Step 8

Insert Wire cable and safety cable through the 2 screw nuts placed on either side of the mounting bracket.



Step 9

Loop and fasten the safety cable through the slot available on the mounting bracket.



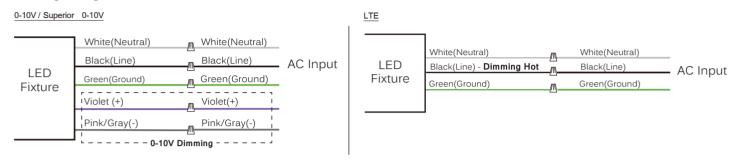
Step 10

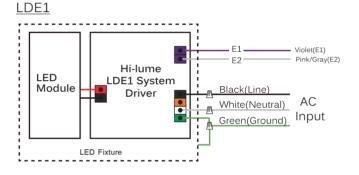
Fasten the 2 screw nuts on either side of the mounting bracket including the safety cable.

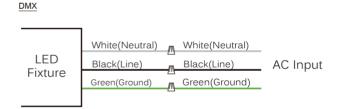
ADVANCED HIGH CEILING Signum 10 - Stem

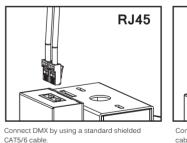


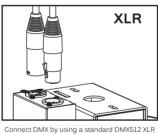
Wiring Diagram











*The last fixture has to be terminated with a DMX Terminator (by others).

ADVANCED HIGH CEILING Signum 10 - Stem



Application note: Wiring for DMX/RDM lighting systems

DMX/RDM is a robust and reliable system for lighting control. However, if not implemented correctly, problems can arise such as random flashing of lights, erratic operation and delays in responding to commands. This document explains the best practices in DMX wiring.

Important things to consider are:

- 1. DMX is a three-wire system. Use all three!
- 2. DMX is based on the EIA-485/RS-485 standard.
- 3. Always use cable specifically designed for DMX / RS-485. These cables have an impedance of 120Ω and a low capacitance. For instance : Belden 9841 or 3105a.
- 4. DMX must be terminated with a 120Ω resistor to prevent reflections.
- 5. A daisy chain topology should be used.
- 6. After **32** unit loads a repeater/booster should be used. (Important: For tunable white fixtures, After **"15"** unit loads a repeater/booster should be used.)
- 7. Keep cabling below 200 meters between the controller and the last driver.
- 8. It is generally considered good practice to provide separate DMX in and DMX out / DMX thru connections to your fixture to aid in installation. This can be in the form of pigtails, RJ-45 connectors or 5-pin XLR connectors.
- 9. Use twisted pair cables with an impedance of 120Ω and a low capacitance.
- 10. UTP Cat5 or Cat6 network cable can also be used but have a slightly lower impedance of 100Ω .
- 11. If shielded cable is used, only connect shield to ground on one side (typically, the controller should have its shield terminal connected to ground).
- 12. Not following the above recommendations may seem to work at first, but can cause problems. Sometimes after weeks of seemingly normal operation.